## **Fossils of the Fleet**

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The geology and fossil fauna of the Fleet shore are of international importance. The fossils that can be found are diverse and originate from marine derived strata ranging from the Fuller's Earth in the northwest to Kimmeridge Clay in the south, these covering a time span of approximately 30 million years. Most fossils are small and many are fragmentary, but complete specimens can be found. Although the majority, such as the ammonites, ichthyosaur remains and molluscs, are of marine origin, occasional remains of terrestrial origin (plants, pterosaur teeth) are known.

The Fleet is a unique feature of our natural heritage. The best way to appreciate the wealth of fossils to be found is to join one of the walks organised by the Chesil Beach Centre.

- **1** Oyster Bed made up almost entirely of fossil oysters
- 2 Flat coral (Isastrea) 4.4cm
- **3** Brachiopod mollusc (Avonothyris) 2cm
- 4 Brachiopod mollusc (Goniorhynchia boueti) 2.5cm
- **5** Scapula (shoulder blade) of an icthyosaur 14cm
- 6 Vertebra of an icthyosaur 7cm
- 7 Ammonite (Quenstedtoceras lamberti) 4.8cm
- 8 Belemnite (Hibolithes hastata) 4.7cm
- 9 Leg of a lobster 3.6cm
- 10 Mussel (Modiolus) 7cm
- 11 Ammonite body chamber (Cardioceras) 4.5cm



12 Jaw of a fish (Gyrodus) - 4cm

13 Vertebra of a fish - 1.3 cm

14 Scale of a fish - 2cm

15 Tooth of a crocodile - 2.4cm

16 Tooth of a shark - 1.4cm



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